



Indian Institute of Science Education and Research, Tirupati  
**ABHIPRAJNA 2023 (Prelims)**  
**PHYSICS QUESTION PAPER**

Date: September 17, 2023

Maximum points: 30

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*Instructions:*

- *All questions are mandatory*
  - *The question paper consists of 10 questions in total, spread over 5 pages.*
  - *Answers must be written in legible and readable handwriting, failing which that question shall not be considered for evaluation.*
  - *The participant is free to google any facts they are unsure about.*
  - *Attempt any 2 of 3 questions in Section-B.*
  - *Mention clearly all assumptions you are making and all constants you are using.*
  - *The question marked with \* is the hint question. The answer to that question is a solution for the puzzle round.*
  - *The form for submitting your responses is the following <https://forms.gle/mVtpDUXxQuUPC1Rt8>*
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**SECTION-A**

1. (3 points)

Give a basic outline of the physics of a Banana Kick (Football). Where else do you see similar physics play out?

2. (4 points)

You are buying a single slit diffraction pattern apparatus. However, the screen is a chartpaper which is rolled up. When you try to make it stand, the chartpaper is curved, such that when looking from the top, it looks like a Parabola. You perform the experiment anyways with a deformed screen, with the light source in the interior of the parabola. Describe the pattern on this parabolic screen.

3. (3 points)

In a recent book called the Trees of the Emerald Sea, Brandon Sanderson came up with a new world where the sea is made of magical pollen, which behaves like a normal sea under certain conditions and behaves like a desert sand under other conditions. In a collaboration with the Youtuber Mark Rober, he justified his world as plausible by relating the Emerald Sea to a Fluidized Air Bed

Assuming the planet is earth sized, what is the expected force exerted by the gas for a lake made of pollen of density  $15 \text{ g/cm}^3$ , similar to the Dead Sea, to behave like water. Make your necessary assumptions and justify them.

4. (2 points)

\* How many degrees of freedom are possible for a rigid body in d-dimensions?

5. (2 points)

A ball of mass 1 kg is thrown vertically upward and it faces a quadratic drag with a terminal velocity of 20 m/s. It reaches a maximum height of 30 m and falls back to the ground. Find the initial velocity by which the ball was projected.

6. (4 points)

A coin (disc) of variable surface density given by  $\sigma(r, \theta) = kr^2 \sin \frac{\theta}{2}$  is tossed in a planet where the acceleration due to gravity varies more fast than that on earth and is given as  $g = g_o e^{\frac{h}{k}}$  ( $k = -1\text{m}$ ) where  $g_o$  is the acceleration due to gravity on earth and  $h$  is the vertical distance of the coin from ground. It is tossed with initial velocity 30 m/s with heads showing up. What will be the outcome of the coin toss when it strikes the ground assuming the whole planet is a mud cluster (the coin comes fully to rest when it strikes the ground).

(Radius of coin = 2 mm, Mass of coin = 300 gm,  $g_o = 10 \text{ ms}^{-2}$ )

7. (4 points)

A person is in a giant wheel and screaming in excitement with a constant frequency of  $f_0$ . Person B standing below the giant wheel measures the frequency they hear. Assume the giant wheel is rotating with a constant angular velocity. Give a function of the frequency over time as measured by Person B.

## SECTION-B

### 8. (4 points)

A person of mass  $m$ , charge  $q$  falls from a building. Consider the space to have uniform magnetic field  $B$  in the  $x$  direction.

- (i) What should be the height of the building such that the person lands safely on the ground?
- (ii) How much time will it take to touch the ground?
- (iii) How far away from the Building will the person land?

### 9. (4 points)

You have been given a gun, infinite rounds of ammunition, and a free reign to shoot as much as you need. However, your shots only count if you shoot at the board provided to you at a fixed distance. It's a square board with a circle inscribed in it. You also know that the gun has a definite inherent error such that it always misses the target aimed at by some length  $L$ , less than the diameter of the circle. You are tasked with aiming any number of shots at the center of the circle.

- (i) Without a blindfold (you can see where you are shooting).
- (ii) With a blindfold (you cannot see where you are shooting)

A method of estimating  $\pi$  using the above setup considers the ratio of a number of shots within the circle to the number of shots within the whole square. Would the estimated value of  $\pi$  in cases (a) and (b) be different? Explain your answer with sufficient detail.

10. (4 points)

A bead is fixed at the bottom of a wheel of radius  $r$ . The wheel begins performing pure rolling. What is the distance traveled by the bead? Sketch out the trajectory.

Click this link for submitting your solution PDF:

<https://forms.gle/mVtpDUXXQuUPC1Rt8>

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